



**PRAVAH**  
2017-18



**PRAVAH, Bompas Town**  
Post: Devsangh  
District: Deoghar; Pin Code: 814114  
Jharkhand

## ANNUAL REPORT 2017-2018

*All articles and photographs for this report are contributed by different projects of the organization.*

*Published by:*

**PRAVAH**, Bompas Town

Post: Devsangh

District: Deoghar; Pin Code: 814114

Jharkhand

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*From the desk of our Secretary*

*Dear Friends ,*



I want to thank you all from the bottom of my heart for all your support towards making PRAVAH a meaningful journey for the deprived section of our society in the year 2017-18 .

You stood by us Through everything and because of it we could able to come so far.

As our partners of GROWTH & MOVING AHEAD this year too we could able to see the dream of KISAN to be LAKHPATI and could see that all Entitlements & Schemes which Government offers percolate through our Good Governance Program . We could also conceive that our network partners could build towards fulfilling their laid down Mission & Goal in the era of Fund Constraints through Capacity Building in the area of Crowd Funding, Institutional Support & Social Business Enterprises , as PRAVAH will. Nutritional support to large number of children was also our Priority this year, so did our POSHAN Program. Agricultural growth with Organic value along with Integrated Farming, was key importance for PRAVAH this year, so we could able to do it with limited resources at Munger & Asarganj . As our key associate , Government , extended through NABARD , we could able to create an opportunity for large number of Community an alternate scope of livelihood by providing them PONDS so they can lead a healthy life . Children, in particular Girl child , at Sonari thari during PRAVAH's journey this year could able to join their education again , leaving far back their CLOUD COVER on their future, with our limited Resources.

It's our dream for the years ahead, to fulfil all our Goals, and make it happenings and move forward .

I would like to extend my overwhelming & Sincere acknowledgement to all our Partners, Supporting Agencies, Donors, for becoming PRAVAH's backbone to carry out our mission of reaching our goal towards making Community a Resilient. I do continue my faith on all of You that in the coming year, You all will extend your assistance & support towards PRAVAH.

With Faith & Goodwill

Shri Dilip Kumar Dubey  
Secretary – PRAVAH

## PRAVAH – An Organization

PRAVAH is a Non Profit making organization working since 1992 in Santhal Pargana Region of Jharkhand for poor and vulnerable sections of the society. PRAVAH was founded by a group of dynamic social activists and intellectuals with the leadership of Mr. Dilip Kumar, inspired by the ideology of freedom fighter M.K. Gandhi, prominent social thinker Dr.R.M. Lohiya and Jai Prakash Narayan. With the goal to establish Gram Swaraj, influenced by Gandhian philosophy PRAVAH initiated its development mission in 10 villages of Sarwan block in Deoghar district with vulnerable target groups especially women and children of tribal and Dalit communities. Poverty and hunger in the marginalised groups have been deep rooted problems in the area which became the key focus of organizational intervention and most of its programs have been to alleviate poverty and increasing food availability in a sustainable manner. Gradually PRAVAH scaled up its development initiatives through programmatic abilities and its rapport with the local community from 10 villages to 200 villages, where several successful development models have been established in Santhal Pargana region of Jharkhand and have also spread its root in 4 district of Bihar.

### **Vision**

Establish an equity and just social order based society where everyone must have a dignified and respectful life.

### **Mission**

To empower target communities with ensured positive deviance in all respects through transparency, cooperative and participatory approach.

### **Objectives:**

- To form and strengthen community based organizations (CBOs) for active participation in creative and developmental activities
- To sensitize government officials for mobilizing government sponsored programmes and schemes
- To manage natural resources effectively through active participation of CBOs
- To promote food availability through providing input support and developing irrigation facilities
- To promote agriculture practices including incorporation of both modern and scientific components
- To promote women empowerment to follow the principle of gender equality
- To drive for policy advocate on people centric community based issues.

### **Strategies**

- Formation and capacitating of self help groups (women organization), youth's organization and farmer's group (men organization) as grassroot organization to address the felt needs of the women, youth and adult men.
- To have established SHG Federation namely Nari Jagari Sangh at upper level comprising members of grass root SHGs to act as a federal body for raising issues concerning women and children.

### **Thematic Areas of Intervention:**

- Strengthening of CBOs
- Natural resource management
- Livelihood promotion
- Sustainable agriculture
- Women empowerment
- Education
- Community health intervention
- Strengthening local self-governance
- Policy advocacy

### **Legal Status**

It is registered under Societies Registration Act 1860 with no. 566, 1992/93, 19th November 1992 at Patna (Bihar) and reregistered at Ranchi (Jharkhand) under state notification vide registration no. 581 2009/10 dated 4th November 2009 at Ranchi.

It is also registered under FCRA 1976, No. 337680015 dated 05.01.1995 to make it eligible to receive foreign grants. PRAVAH is again registered under Income Tax Exemption Act 12A, No.XI-37/98/99; Income Tax Exemption Act 80G, No.7/2001-02/2163; and Income Tax PAN#AAAAP0521E.

### **Banking Detail**

UCO Bank, Union Bank of India  
Indian Overseas Bank, IDBI, State Bank of India  
Axis Bank & Corporation Bank in Deoghar, Jharkhand

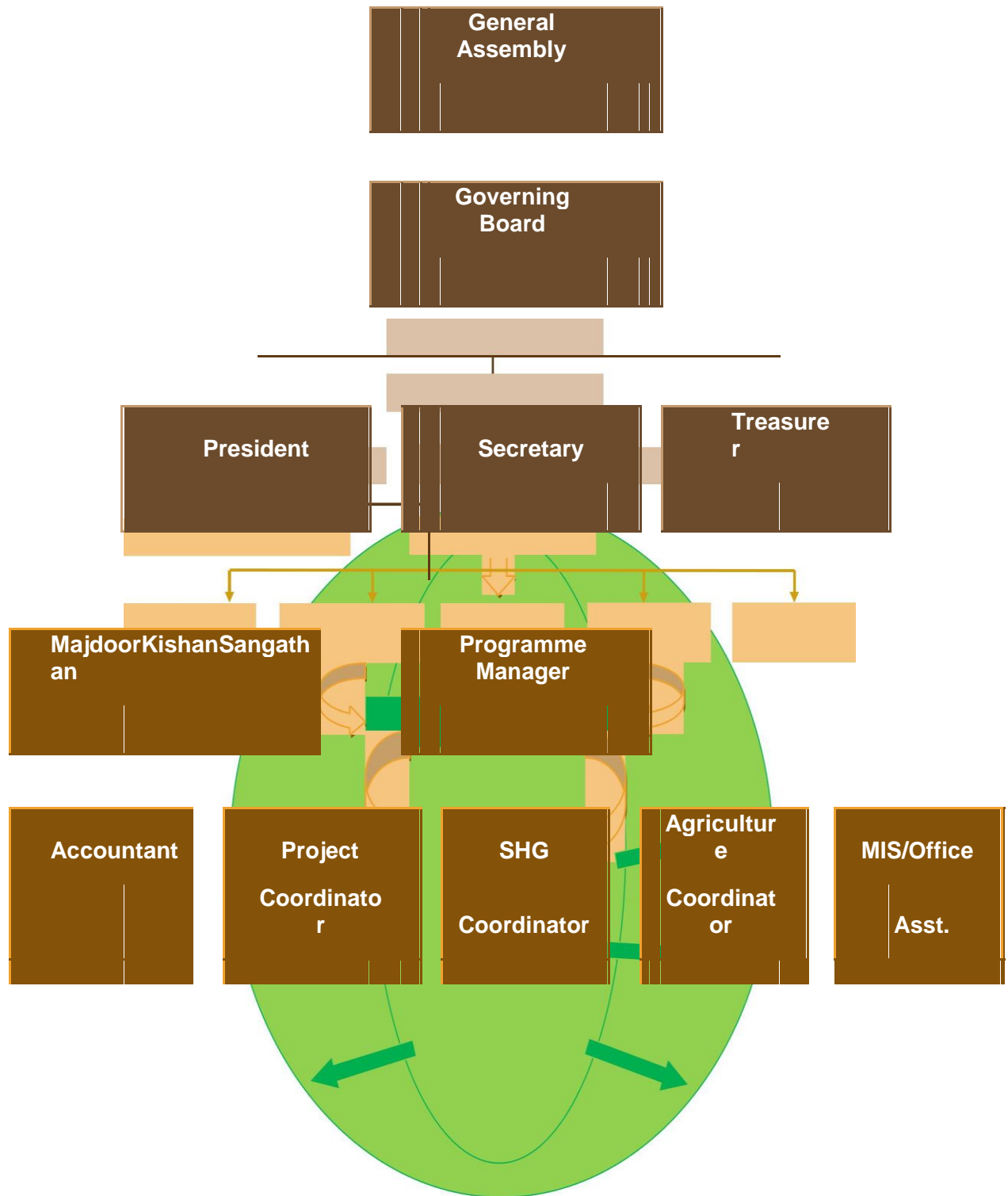
### **Communication:**

PRAVAH's head office is well equipped with seven rooms along with a large conference hall located at Bompas Town, B.Deoghar, Jharkhand(rented).

It has **5 area offices:**

- i. Manjhaladih, Sonaraitari, Dist.-Deoghar;
- ii. Asarganj, Near Sarswati Bhawan, Dist.-Munger (Bihar);
- iii. KVK, Dist.-Munger, Bihar;
- iv. Jama, Dist.-Dumka, Jharkhand; and
- v. Vinodh Bhawan, Bindwara more, Munger (Bihar)
- vi. Ambedkar Chowk, Maheshpur, Pakur

**ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE**



**List of Executive members:**

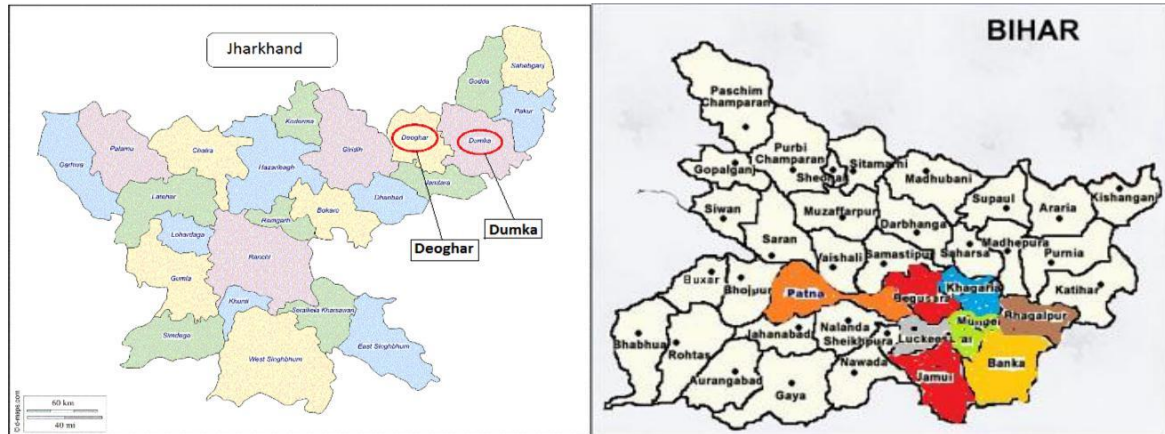
S.I. No.	Name	Sex	Education Background	Designation	Complete Address
1	Suresh Kumar Bhalotiya	M	B.Sc.	President	Castair Town, Deoghar
2	Dilip Kumar	M	B.A.	Secretary	Bompass town, Deoghar
3	Shyamlal Murmu	M	Inter	Treasurer	Dhanway, Sonaraithari, Deoghar
4	Mrs. Rekha	F	Inter	Member	Taljhari, Dumka
5	Suchitra Jha	F	M.A., L.L.B	Member	Bilasi town, Deoghar
6	Anuu	F	B.A.	Member	Professor colony, Dumka
7	Madhusudan Dey	M	B.A.	Member	Junpokhar, Kalirakha, Deoghar

**Staff Strength:**

Category	Numbers
Core Staff	15
Support Staff/ community Workers	98
Total	113

## Operational area of PRAVAH:

Presently PRAVAH spreads its reach in two districts of Jharkhand and Eight districts of Bihar. The geographical coverage map of PRAVAH's intervention area is given below.



## Programs in 2017-18 at a glance



**Organization Achievements During the year:**

Sl.no	Name of the project	Support Agency	Operational Area	Reach in 2015
1	Initiative for Transparent and	European Union	50 villages,	3858
	Accountable Governance	And	Jama Block,	Families
	System in Jharkhand	Welthungerhilfe	Dumka	
2	Food Sufficiency and Income	CINI - Tata Trust	40 villages in	3000
	Enhancement through		Jama Block,	Families
	Stabilization of Productivity in		Dumka	
	Agriculture of Tribal			
	Communities in Jharkhand			
3	Sustainable Integrated	Welt Hunger	50 villages in	1500

	Farming System	Hilfe	Sonaraithadi	Families
			block, Deoghar	
4	Fight Hunger First Initiative	Welt Hunger	50 villages of 7 Panchayats in	3100
		Hilfe	Sonaraithadi	Families
			block, Deoghar	
5	WADI model for Livelihood	NABARD	Jarmundi block,	200 Families
	Augmentation under Tribal		Dumka	
	Development Fund			
6	Demonstration of Improved	ITC	KrishiVigyan	5 Acres of
	Agriculture practices &		Kendra Campus,	Land
	Season wise Crop Rotation		Asarganj,	
			Munger	

7	Integrated Livestock	ITC	Munger,	12103
	Development Project		Lakhisarai,	Families
			Khagaria,	
			Begusarai,	
			Banka, Patna,	
			Bhagalpur,	
			Jamui	

### **Fight Hunger First Initiative IND 1258**

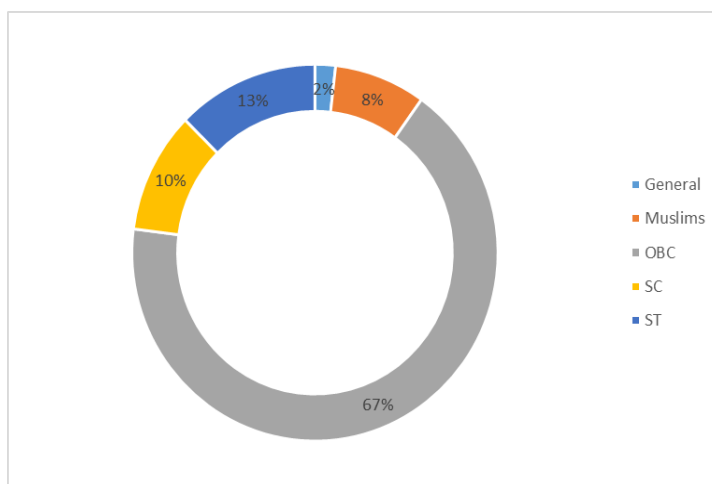
Pravah by implementing, Fight Hunger First Initiative (Supported by welt hunger hilfe) aims to promote rights realization of community members and it aspires to strengthen livelihood opportunities in the project area. The project is covering 2170 households of 3 Panchayats under Sonaraythadi Block of Deoghar District.

Project aims to improve the quality, coverage and access to public services related to food & nutrition, rural employment and education. The success of the project will be measured by (a) number of workdays through MGNREGA (b) Percent of stunting for children under five (c) Mortality of infants and mothers (d) the number of children with regular school attendance.

The project activities that are being implemented are all designed towards the achievements of the overall goal. The demand for accessing the rights entitlements in the target community is more visible. The services have also been improved as a result of peer pressure and introduction of community monitoring tools and awareness campaign. The three major area the project which focuses on 1. Mother and child health and Nutrition 2. Primary Education and 3. Rural Employment

## Target groups

The project has specific focus on socially excluded groups living in 50 villages of 7 panchayats Jarka-1, Jarka 2 ,Thari Lepra and Kusumthar, Dondia , Binjha, Barmatra within Sonaraitthadi block of Deoghar district Jharkhand. The project area specifically focus on 3100 households with a total population of 18000 from SC, ST, muslim, primitive tribes and other backward communities



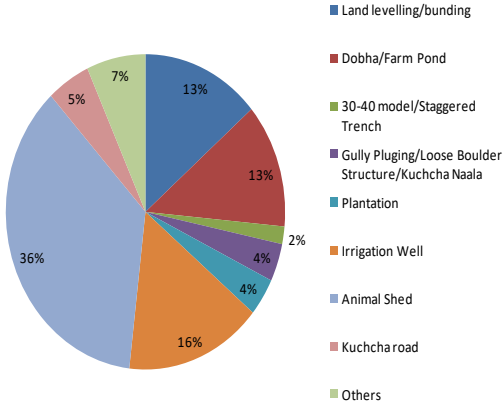
living under absolute conditions of hunger, malnutrition and poverty. A small deviation has taken place as earlier we propose to work in 5 panchayats now we have spread to 7 Panchayats. This has been done to make the cluster intervention in the target households. There are some villages who are remote in area and having Extreme Food insecurity and thus they have been incorporated in the FHFI initiative. The Target group that is working with poor and vulnerable focusing mother and child remains the same.

The project is also working with the school children for basic awareness on health and nutrition , wash and role of Bal Sansad in Right to education monitoring.

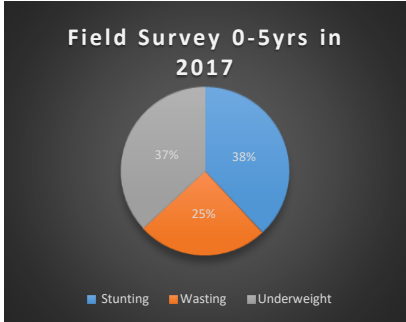
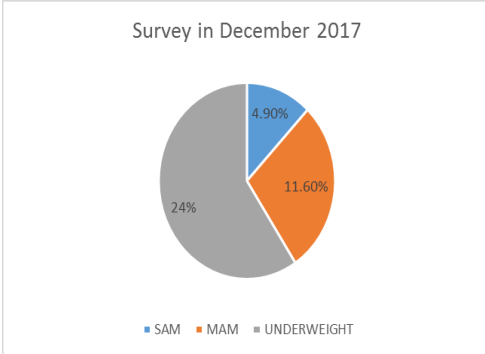
## Achievement of result 1:

### 3.1.1 Activities-

Planned Activities	Achieved	Assessment
A1.1: Implementation of PLA cycles on food and nutrition and agriculture	50 villages has completed one full cycle of LANN PLA meetings and rest of the 35 villages 13 meeting cycle is going on  ToT of LANN was conducted for sahiyas and adolescent girls and SHGs for sustainability of the project	In 10 villages sahiyas have facilitated the LANN meetings and the rest of the 25 villages the meetings are facilitated by SHG members along with project staff.

<p>A1.2: Developing and implementation of micro plans for MGNREGA</p>	<p>After Abhiyaan Ten lakhs MGNREGA schemes Planned and 1.8 lakhs were for water harvesting structures and 6 lakhs for basic needs like drinking water and sanitation –Source : state report on YBA</p>  <p>Training on MGNREGA micro planning and technicalities related to it was organized for village resource farmers , the SHG leaders and the mate and the PRI members</p>	<p>Both YBA and Hamari Yojana Hamara Vikash has been facilitated by FHF team in 187 villages of Block. Also the team worked as state resource team for GPDP in the District.</p> <p>The training has helped to create the capacity of the local volunteers on the entitlements of MGNREGA .</p>
<p>A1.3: Nutrition Camps –</p>	<p>Total 20 PD camps has been done where 421 children took part in 20 villages. The average weight gain is 800gm</p>	<p>Average weight gain per child is 800 gm.underweight in the project area has reduced from 13.2 to 4.9</p>
<p>A1.4: Strengthening of VHSNC</p>	<p>The monthly meeting facilitation of VHSNC has been done and they have been involved in the monitoring through the printed IEC in every ICDS centre on the DAY of VHND</p>	<p>The VHSNC has improved its functioning</p>
<p>A1.5: Nutrition, Food and Agricultural fair</p>	<p><i>Organized as per the plan. Women SHGs has got exposures</i></p>	
<p>A1.6: Strengthening of VHND</p>	<p><i>11 VHND meetings have been done during the reporting period where 270 beneficiaries have been counselled on IYCF Practices and the services for Mother and child health and nutrition.</i></p>	<p><i>As per the plan budget</i></p>



<p>A1.7: Identification &amp; tracking of SAM &amp; MAM children</p>	<p>741 children under 5years have surveyed in the month of January to March where the identification for SAM MAM has been done. This was done with support of Till Ludwig –an intern from ZEF university</p> <p>And the current survey shows (December 2017-</p>	<p>The findings are</p>  
<p>A1.9: TOT – LANN</p>	<p>Planned Tot Completed with SHG leaders, Sahiyas and ICDS workers</p>	<p>As per budget and plan</p>

**Achievement of result 2 (indicators) -**

**.2. Activities: -**

Planned Activities	Achieved
A2.1: Training on RTE for SMC and Facility Audit of schools	As per plan all the SMC meetings have been conducted in 35 schools of the project area
A2.2: Strengthening of SMC	4 SMC clusters are engaged in regular quarterly

Federations	meetings
A2.3: Awareness Raising in Schools	<i>School students have been aware on the sanitation , adolescent girls on reproductive health and hygiene , drama classes and sports and drawing competition has been done with them to aware about the the health and malnutrition and rights provided in RTE,</i>

**Results III - Adoption of good practices and policy level improvements regarding FNS, especially for mother and children, as well as primary education will be achieved through lobbying and networking**

<b><i>Planned Indicators</i></b>	<b><i>Achieved Indicators</i></b>
a) To improve the effective treatment of undernourished children a coordination mechanism will be developed and implemented between the state authorities for (1) women and child development and (2) health.	<i>Project has closely working with the State Network for Right to Food and Child rights which is advocating issues on women and child health to the state authorities as a result NFSA properly being implemented in close monitoring of RTF. Also egg has been started in MDM for three days in a week and strong advocacy is going on for the enactment of Maternity Benefit scheme and removal of bio metric system from PDS</i>
b. Community score cards are used in 60% of villages for all FNS related services & entitlements. More than half of these score cards are documented as a citizen report cards. The authorities and local government play an important role here	<i>In 15 villages community score card has been done on the services of Sahiya and ICDS workers. Panchyat representatives have participated in the meetings.</i>
c. At least two of the four good practices, e.g. LANN, micro planning, VHND or SDP are recognized and scaled up by the government at block or district level.	<i>The micro planning process has been initiated by the state this year through yojna banao abhiyaan. 187 micro plans of Block has been facilitated by the project team.</i>  <i>The kitchen Garden practices has been taken by the state in the budget 2018-19. Kitchen Garden is one of the major component of practice in LANN for food availability and diversity at HH level.</i>

**PICTORIAL REPRESENTATION OF THE PROJECT:**

**Mass Education Activities (Wall Writing)      Capacity Building of CBOs**



## Women Empowerment



## **Initiatives for Transparent and Accountable Governance System in Jharkhand**

Transparency and accountability are the two key terms in which the whole project has been designed and perpetual to the exhibition of positive changes and encouragement in development of new avenues of possibilities. The project in the last year showcasing various stratifying outcomes in regards to their objectivity and proven sustainability. During the time period the project strengthened the existing community institution and deliverables to address the gaps between the community and government institution. These institutions are effectively accessed through various contextual activities of the project to disseminate information to its optimum level. The project also conceptualized the monitoring tools which are keener in demanding community involvement and participation and flourished results in more accountable, accessible and sustainable manner. The project emphasized more in ensuring participation of the last man of the society to reach out and ensured his or her participation in every aspect, enhancing potential, and building confidence and bring back into the mainstream and adding every individual in the process of overall well being and development of society through different activities like: Anganwadi facility audit by the members of Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committee, capacity build up of Bal sansad to develop wall magazines, capacity build up of Soochna Mitras, conducting PLA meetings with women groups, facilitated budget tracking program at panchayat level and Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Days, block level set up for MGNREGA Sahayata Kendra, Capacity build up of ICDS Workers on Anganwadi six package services, attended District Rural Health Society Meeting (DRHS), conducted community radio program and panchayat level information campaign, ToT of partners on ensuring six package services of ICDS, attended annual review and planning workshop of European Union, initiatives towards model Anganwadi, HHs survey for Citizen Report Card, Panchayat level meeting for SMC federation, facilitated public hearing of National Food Security Act at Santhal Pargana by RTF campaign, capacity building of health department at district level, Poshan Sakhis and VHSNC members on Village Health Action Plan, facilitated gram sabha, state level sharing of ICT based school baseline survey, developed community based MGNREGA monitoring tool, service delivery assessment through community score card, south-south exchange visit program at Welthungerhilfe, Tajikistan, block and district level advocacy initiatives, block and district level sharing workshop and workshop with local CSOs and line departments.

Regular meetings are being organised at the community level to address the various issues faced by the disadvantaged. Focus is provided on active participation and spontaneous engagement of the CBOs and the service providers so that the needs of the communities could be addressed in a firm and better manner. Through the activities and outcomes discussed below, a clear concept can be provided about how the organisation has been facilitating participatory processes in the communities aiming for their holistic development through different innovative approaches.

### **2.1. Activities and results**

Please list all the activities of the contract implemented during the reporting period

***Result 1: Innovation and Best Practices related to disseminating information, Participatory processes as well as MIS are developed and promoted.***

**Activity 1.1: Establish a collaboration framework with Government authorities.**

**Description:** Through continuous engagement with the government authorities, the team has developed a strong relationship with the officials. They have their regular intervention with the line departments for providing training to the different stakeholders, PRI members, BRG training, monthly sharing of field level data or challenges etc. The team has developed a Community Monitoring Tool on MGNREGA to assess the progress of ongoing activities in the community under MGNREGA. Side by side, the team already has a set up for MGNREGA Sahayata Kendra under CD Block Office Jama.

**Outcome of the activities:** Through this tool, community people now can understand what are the facilities that they are under entitled to get from the service providers. Regular intervention of the team helped to deal with the challenges and do advocacy in favour of community. The present scenario has been changed and now the government officials are become very supportive in each initiative of the team. Now, in case of dealing with any kind of difficulties, there is always a centralized plan being developed between PRAVAH and Government departments. Peoples are getting benefits of government services.

### **Activity 1.2: MGNREGA baselines and mainstream facility audit of schools, ICDS& Health Facilities.**

#### **a. Facility Audits of ICDS centres and health facilities**

**Description:** To assess the service availability and accessibility during the Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Day Pictorial Monitoring tool has been implemented for the second time in 38 ICDS centres and the lead was taken by Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committee members and some community peoples or beneficiaries. It was the second time facility audit of ICDS centres. Project team members facilitated the activity in collaboration with the health workers. One round orientation was also being provided to the VHSNC members before going for facility audit.

**Outcome of the activities:** The audit included the current status of Anganwadi infrastructures, facilities, and resource materials, services for 0-6 years, 3-7 years, pregnant women, lactating mothers and adolescent girls during village health sanitation and nutrition days. The responses were very positive but some where it was found regarding the service unavailability, health workers ignorance i.e. ANM, availability of drugs in adequate numbers, maintenance of registers was very poor etc.

### **Activity 1.3: Scale up / develop people friendly IEC materials**

#### **a. Community radio programs:**

**Description:** The 4<sup>th</sup> cycle of radio program has been started in ten more selected villages or hamlets. The Community Radio Program has been conducted by five trained volunteers; among them two females and three males. Till now we have completed five episodes out of ten episodes.

**Outcome of the activities:** It is the most innovative and successful program under good governance. It idea gave a successive result in reaching out to the ultra poor family of the villages. The uniqueness of community radio program is that it has increased the community awareness, their involvement as it is an ideal medium for raising communities' voices. The local dialect and its song attract the community people and they sit for long time as community people always love to hear from radio and not only that they believe the message of it.

#### **c. Village Level Wall News Paper:**

**Description:** With the support of Bal sandsad and Barefoot Reporters, on monthly basis through a participatory process in order to increase the information base of the community Village Wall News Paper has been developed. Over the six months, the members of bal sansad has developed total number of 47 wall news papers in 42 schools of five gram panchayats.

**Outcome of the activities:** The school students/Bal sansad members are now able to raise their problems in schools, minimum requirement like: water and sanitation facility, sports and entertainment, qualitative MDM etc. Each and every Mantri Mandal can now feel their responsibility and not only that; even they are very energetic to do so.



#### **d. Development of IEC materials:**

**Description:** IEC materials have been developed on health issues and education. In the area of education the team covered Inclusive Education and Bal Sansad roles and responsibility; on health we covered New born Care, VHND service availability, roles of VHSNC members, benefit of Hand wash with soap, safe drinking water and danger sign in new born.

**Outcome of the activities:** The IEC strategy always create awareness and disseminate information regarding the benefits available under various schemes / programmes of the Ministry and to guide the citizens on how to access them. The objective is also to encourage build-up of health seeking behaviour among the masses in keeping with the focus on promotive and preventive health. All the IEC materials have been developed in Local Hindi Language along with attractive and relevant pictures so that the community members face no problem in relating to the actual scenario. This has resulted in increased awareness and thereby has been quite helpful in tackling issues related to maternal and child health.

#### **Activity 1.4: Develop PLA Processes, manuals, videos, ToT, monitoring reviews & documentations**

##### **A.PLA process on health and nutrition for mothers, pregnant women & adolescent girls:**

**Description:** A three days ToT program was conducted by EKJUT from 13<sup>th</sup> Mar 2018 to 15<sup>th</sup> Mar 2018 on developing Village Health Action Plan. It was totally a new concept. In Jharkhand VHAP never has been implemented. Always District Plan has been implemented at Village level; without knowing the actual need of the different community.

Monthly PLA meeting in 25 villages with the pregnant women, lactating and adolescent girls reached the complete meeting cycle of 26. The PLA meeting cycle with the VHSNCs and women groups has been covered but till the facilitators doing review meeting with them, so that the committee or the group members should continue the meetings in their villages in dealing with health and nutrition specific issues.

Four video documentations have also been developed on PLA with mothers and adolescents, Roles of SMC towards qualitative education, Social Audit on MGNREGA (It has been documented from both the field situation from Jama block of Dumka District and Berhait block of Sahebganj district) and Village Health Action Plan.

**Outcome of the activities:** Village Health Action Plan has been developed in 42 villages with the help of community health workers, front line workers and the entire committee members of Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committee. To develop the Village Health Action Plan the team has used the Government format only and took help of NRHM manuals; submitted to Medical Officer In Charge, CHC-Jama.

Through the regular intervention with the community people and health workers behavioural change can be seen in the villages. Peoples are now preferring institutional delivery, going for VHND every month, asking for monthly THR, sending their child to Anganwadi centres, coming for meeting, asking for more information etc. The accountability of the community level health workers like Sevika, Sahaiya and Poshan Sakhi (newly appointed in Anganwadi Centres) has also considerably enhanced as a result of PLA. The participatory discussions helped the community people to make them sensitized to issues related to inequity and exclusion from health and nutrition services and entitlements as well as identifying and addressing gaps in health and nutrition services. For example: SHG and VHSNC members has wrote application to the Governor in demand of MCP Card, Community members are now demanding new tube well for safe drinking water facility etc.

*Result 2: Capacities of public service providers and functionaries in four blocks are enhanced for better service delivery, transparency and accountability in education, health, and nutrition as well as rural employment.*

**Activity 2:1: Support service providers in information dissemination, campaigns and complying with the RTI**

**a. Annual Citizen Report Cards**

**Description:** A two days orientation program was conducted by WHH and PRAXIS for all partners at Deoghar on 30<sup>th</sup> and 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2017. The orientation included both theoretical and practical exercise on conducting and proper implementation of the survey process and AKVO supported to develop questionnaire on different thematic area like: MGNREGA, PDS, ICDS, RTI, Education and Pragma Kendra. After the CRC orientation 260 HHs survey has been conducted along with 3 FGDs.

**Outcome of the activities:** A centralized action plan made through strategic planning of all the partners in delivering the data collection process and other deliverables up to month of June. Survey data has been analysed and developed report on different service delivery points like: PDS, MGNREGA, ICDS etc. by PRAXIS and shared it at state level on 5<sup>th</sup> Jan, 2018.

**b. Capacity building of Health, Education and PRI departments at Block and District Level**

**Description:** A one day workshop has been organised “Ensuring six package services of ICDS” to accumulate the efforts of all the stakeholders who are deliberately working towards effective implementation of ICDS services to the villagers. The Participants included local CSOs, those who are working on health and nutrition specific issues like: World Vision, CINI, EKJUT, Unicef and the line departments, district officials etc.

**Outcome of the activities:** Participatory effort has been made to organize the better implementation of services provided by ICDS centres with 100% accessibility of the community. Focus discussion on every aspect of implementation has been made from the participants’ right from the district level to the community.

**c. Support Annual Information Fairs on Block Level**

**Description:** In terms of information dissemination district level information campaign has been conducted in collaboration with GOJ. Each department from Education, Health and PRI has been participated in the district fair; which is known as ‘HIZLA MELA’. Stalls has been put up for interacting with the communities, to raise their awareness and address spot complaints on effectiveness and accessibility of various services for future grievance redressal.

**Outcome:** Peoples participation has been increased and the number of applications at MGNREGA Sahayata Kendra with new demand or grievances. Promotion of local food groups also motivated the community people to understand the nutrition value of it.

**f. Capacity building and support Bharat Nirman Volunteers:**

**Description:** The last phase training was given to the BNVs (35 BNVs) on 21<sup>st</sup> and 22<sup>nd</sup> Feb, 2017 in Jama. Total 100 rural youths has been trained as Soochna Mitras from 50 villages (2 Volunteers from each village) to provide information and connectivity of services on health, education and livelihood to the marginalized communities, staying in the remotest hamlets. To support their information delivery system, a book per volunteer has been provided, i.e. called “**JAN SEVA YOJANA PUSTIKA**”. This book is very useful and informative; information related to government scheme, its provision, different application formats & website etc. information are there.

**Outcome of the activities:** The team always try to engage them in different participatory process. The volunteers are very active and committed towards their supportive work. They are engaged with communities, local institutions such as PRI, schools, ICDS, health centres as well as Pragma Kendras to disseminate necessary information about different schemes and programmes in the remotest villages and to the most excluded families.

## **Activity 2.2: Build capacities of ANMs, ASHAs, ICDS worker and Primary school teachers, Rozgar Sevaks and PRI representatives**

### **Rolling out of the PLA on Health and Nutrition**

**Description:** This program was planned within this time period but couldn't take place because all the Anganwadi workers received an android mobile handset for overall reporting and that time the block level training was going on for AWWs on how they will operate the handset. For that reason CDPO requested to organize our training after June, 2017.

**Outcome of the Activity:** The team participated in that block level training in request of CDPO so that in future if the AWWs face any difficulty in operating the handset, then the team can provide handhold support. It was very fruitful training, as the application has been created in such a way that the AWWs have not required to report on register, they need to upload day to day report on mobile and send the data with photographs on that only. The CDPO also finalized the date for the training of AWWs and Poshan Sakhis on ensuring the six package services of ICDS i.e. from 21<sup>st</sup> Jul, 2017 to 25<sup>th</sup> Jul, 2017.

## **Activity 2.3: Facilitate multi-stakeholder interactions including communities and CSOs at block level**

**Description:** On the occasion of the International Women's Day, PRAVAH on 8<sup>th</sup> March, 2018 took out a mass rally in Community Health Centre and Block Development Office, Jama. The Participants were the Health workers, school children and SHG members of Jama. The women participated in the rally in full swing and shouted slogans at the top of their voice. The rally attracted a lot of attention of the general masses also as it started from the centre at block development office, Jama. After rally there was a short discussion took place, quiz competition, information about ongoing schemes that are running especially for women etc.

**Outcome of the activities:** People enjoyed a lot and they were very actively participated in this program. The participants took oath that they will protest for early marriage, will send their children school regularly, will stand up and raise their voice for their rights and entitlements.

*Result 3: Local self-governance bodies (Gram Sabhas, Panchayats and Panchayat Committees, SMCs) and youth leaders are activated and empowered for improved citizen participation, planning, management, monitoring and performance audits of public services.*

## **A3.1 Conduct public campaigns using folk media methods (puppet shows, street theatre, folk dance, songs in local language, announcements)**

**Description:** Under Vidyalay Chale Chalayen Abhiyan three Nukkad Natak Programs were being organized in three schools (Pipra, Saraiya and Kolhoria) on 100% enrolment and save water. This Abhiyan also includes Prabhat Ferri, home visit for regularizing school children.

**Outcome of the activities:** Generated awareness among the villagers towards the abhiyan and inculcate the main objectivity of education and saving water. The villagers were very happy and participated in high numbers in the prabhat ferri and also shown interest and determined to enrol the children in their respective schools.

## **Activity 3.4: Facilitate school level PLA processes (public information, roles of SMV+Cs, SDPs, monitoring and review)**

**Description:** Initiative has been taken for SMC federation at block level and for that at first stage Panchayat level meeting has been organized to select active members for the federation from five panchayats. Total 5 panchayat level meeting has been organized but members were selected from two panchayats only i.e. from Bhairawpur and Dhorli. Regular SMC meetings are being organised across 42 village schools where the members are made aware about the Right to Education Act, 2009 and also regarding their roles and responsibilities for the school. SDP has been prepared for 42 schools on JEPC format and has been submitted to BEEO. Along with

that Bal Sansad training has been organised in 42 schools of five panchayats for increased awareness among students. Block level baseline survey in 260 schools through AKVO flow mobile application also been conducted.

**Outcome of the activities:** The meetings of SMC federation was little difficult at the initial stage. But slowly it could happen and total 33 members have been selected from two panchayats (Bhairawpur 15 and Dhorli 18). The members of SMCs are now raising their voices in case of inadequate service availability in schools, though it is related to MDM, TLM or teaching quality. The result of baseline survey through AKVO flow has been shared at state level and some centralized action plan has been taken.

### **Activity 3.5: Facilitate local planning and implementation of Village Health and Nutrition Days**

**Description:** To facilitate the local planning and implementation of VHND, a pictorial monitoring tool has been developed and started monitoring in 38 villages regarding the roles-responsibilities of health stakeholders and the service availabilities. It was started from Jul, 2017 to Jun, 2018, so one year monitoring has been completed by the VHSNC members.



**Outcome of the activities:** It has been seen to do close monitoring of VHND by members of VHSNC and community peoples in 38 villages. Sometimes the members felt difficulties in monitoring in case of inadequate service availability. But now in new edited version a new symbol has been added for inadequate services (#). In most of the AWCs, it has been found that the services are not regular and inadequate also. All the data has been uploaded in Google Drive for analysis.

### **A3.6: Training of PRIs on Right to Information Act and Community Monitoring Systems**

#### **a. Training of VHSNC on performance of ICDS and health centres related services**

**Description:** One round training program was conducted for the ICDS Workers from 27<sup>th</sup> Feb & 28<sup>th</sup> Feb, 2018 on developing TLM from different community waste materials.

**Outcome of the activities:** The Participants developed their own TLM for their Anganwadis in a very beautiful way. Until we involve the learners in the process of making the TLM, that sense of ownership of the process and that level of understanding will not develop. If a facilitator is creative and has a certain level of understanding, then he or she may suggest to the community health workers to use the things available from their surroundings. There is no need to rush to the store to buy materials. It's up to the facilitator to guide the learners and encourage them to create and use their own TLM.

#### **A3.7. Facilitate budget tracking at Panchayat/block level**

**Description:** After the ToT program in 2018 on budget tracking held by LEADS, the tracking exercise along with two days training has been conducted in total 23 gram panchayats on 12<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup> April 2018. This exercise was conducted with PRI members those who were trained in ToT program. The data has been collected and sent to LEADS for compilation.

**Outcome of the activities:** The PRI members came to know about budget and its flow from central/state to panchayats. It is important to enhance transparency in budgets to facilitate meaningful participation of community in the discussions on budgetary priorities. It was found that most of the areas were unspent and the responsible persons are also unaware about it. During the sharing the BPRO also assured that they will extend the format at block level and arrange refresher training for all PRIs for depth knowledge on fund flow and allocation.



## **GANGA MAA MODEL – AMRIT KRISHI**

This framework is prepared to get all the nutrients, vegetables and fruits needed for a small family (husband, wife and two children). It does not need more than 1000 square feet of space. Its aim is to reduce dependence on the family market for organic vegetables and to meet the nutritional needs of family members.

Vegetables like onions, garlic radish, sweet potato and potato on the outside 7 large vegetables, vegetables like tomato, brinjal and coriander, medicinal plants like basil, mint, curry leaf are planted. Protein-based plants like fenugreek, tea leaves, chillies, coriander spices, barbarati, guarphali, tur, moong, urad and beans are planted on 7 small amounts of inside. In the inner circle, moisture is very high, so bananas, papaya plants can be planted here.

### **Some glimpse of developing Ganga Maa Model**



**Final Lay Out of GMM Model**



**Brick lining and Bamboo Fencing**

## **Integrated Livestock Development Program (ILDLP)**

We have started working in the state of Bihar in 2014 when we were given the responsibility of improving AI practices in Munger district by the ITC Ltd. After successful completion of this project, in the year 2017, our responsibility was to done 60000 AI, 250 Vet Camps in 7 District of Bihar.

### **Coverage at a glance**

No of District Covered	7
No of Block Covered	38
No of Village Covered	650
No of MPGs Covered	400

### **Cattle breed improvement program through AI**

The total number of AIs done and calves born in Bihar in the year 2017-18 are 67,600. The progress made under various other AI services through Para vets in the same year is given below:

<b>No of AI Done</b>	<b>No of PD Done (Pregnancy Diagnosis)</b>	<b>No of Calving</b>	<b>No of Female Calves</b>
67,600	28,023	23,233	16,193



### **Fodder Seeds Activity**

Through the MPGs located at the households of the farmers, we could demonstrate the cultivation of improved fodder varieties and the enhancement of milk production by introducing them to the feeding schedule of animals.

Fodder seeds were produced in our MPGs in the year 2017-18. This included both kharif as well as rabi crops. In order to disseminate the latest and appropriate technologies related to improved fodder production, conservation and enrichment to the beneficiary farmers of Bihar.

<b>Fodder Seed &amp; Planting Material</b>				
<b>Varieties</b>		<b>No of Beneficiaries benefitted</b>	<b>Area Covered (in acres)</b>	<b>Estimated Production (in tons)</b>
Rabi Season	Berseem, Oat	300	25	500
Planting Material	Hybrid Naiper	25	4	400

### **Mineral Mixture & Fodder Promotion**

Improved animals need a higher plane of nutrition to achieve maximum production potential. Understanding this critical role of nutrition, PRAVAH has extended a number of services in this area as well. We have supplied mineral mixture as well as feed supplements so that the nutritional requirements of these improved animals are met. The NGO has distributed 1,000 kg of mineral mixture, 2500liters of oral calcium in project area during the year 2017-18.

### **Animal Health Camp**

Dairy sector plays an important role as a subsidiary source of income in addition to agriculture for the rural masses in India. In case of Bihar, its importance increases manifold as agriculture and dairying is the major source of livelihood for large number of people. Bihar state has large number of cattle. But due to various factor, milk production in Bihar is not commensurate with the number of cattle. In other words, milk productivity in Bihar is low. Cattle owners face other challenges which make this sector unviable from economic point of view. These challenges are rising input costs, medical costs infertility problems etc. Veterinary services costs and infertility problems in livestock are major factors responsible for making this sector unviable, when done at small scale. It has been found that if medical expenses can be significantly brought down and significant increase in milk productivity can be achieved, if some simple preventive measures are taken and some regular practices are adopted. In similar manner infertility problems can be taken care of by proper Veterinary treatment. PRAVAH is proposing to help rural community to deal with health related problems in livestock through organizing animal health awareness camp. Besides that, these animal health awareness camps will also help in enhancing milk production and dealing with infertility problems. These camps will be conducted on MPGs level, in summary; the basicobjectives of this animal health camp are to find out the general health status of livestock, detection of prevalent diseases and suggesting as well as providing preventive measures to protect cattle and to better milk production. Camp approaches with feed forward extension supporting disease investigation, and nutritional advice along with dynamic

interactions to generate awareness about animal health to improve the socioeconomic status of rural poor

The summary of achievement under section of vet camp in this year as follows.

No of Vet Camps	No of Village	No of Beneficiary	No of Infertility Treatment	No of other Treatment	No of Vaccination	No of Deworming
228	188	7055	2649	3838	4424	29395

### Gomukh Diwas Calibration

We organized 2 day celebration of Gomukh Diwas in North of Ganga & South of Ganga on 20 & 21 March 2018 respectively. These program organized to motivate our farmers to increase their income through livestock. We distributed award among farmer & MPGs for their performance in livestock sector.



### Livelihood Project Mission 2020-Smart Lakhapati Kisan Program

PRAVAH, has been implementing a Livelihood Project Mission 2020-Smart Lakhapati Kisan Program covering 3000 rural tribal household in 45 villages of Nachangadia, Chikinia, Tengdowa, Vairapur & Birajpur .Panchayats of Jama Block in Dumka district since 2015 by the development cooperation & support of Tata Trust, BRLF, Infosys Foundation & Ford Foundation and the Project is challenging rural poverty, hunger, food insecurity, low income and migration. The Project goal is "Building Jama block, Dumka district Jharkhand as a driver of regional growth while transforming quality of life of 3000 HH under central India Livelihood Initiative.

#### Objectives:

**A-**To ensure sustainable improvement in agriculture Crop production, Goat rearing, Lac Cultivation, Horticulture Plantation & Fishery . **B-**To create and strengthen people institutions (SHGs, Village Organization (VO) & Cluster Level Federation (CLF)) **C-**Comprehensive conservation measures leads to sustainable land & water management, improved livelihoods and significantly contributes to Lakhapati Kissan.**D-** Promotion of on farm and off farm income generation activities for livelihood support and drudgery reduction for asset less and the

women.**E-** Intervention on Convergence & Leverage of Government Schemes/Programmes for livelihood promotion.

### **Project Key Principles.**

Focus on irreversibility of the impact, with increased resilience of the communities. SHG federation and secondary tiers spearheading the development processes in the area. Develop and strengthen community based institutions including PRI members/Gram Sabha and enterprises. Market Oriented Intervention. Demand Led intervention. Innovation – not stereotyped. Convergent multi-sectoral plans addressing quality of life. Leverage of Trust investments for channelizing other source contribution. Scale of Significance and saturation approach.

### **Achievements:**

#### **1. Institutional.**

Total 218 SHGs covering 3000 Household, 14 VOs & 01 SHG Federation have been promoted & strengthened. Regular Weekly & Monthly Planning, Monitoring, Review meetings, contact, communication, linkage & convergence are being conducted to accelerate the project activities in time by the support of stakeholders. At present the Registered SHG Federation is capable and with project staff involved in preparing Plan, Implementing, Monitoring, Review, Documentation & conducting Audit of Project activities and the Federation has regular contact, communication, linkage with Panchayat, Block & District level departmental officials and converging the services for livelihood promotion. Besides this regular monthly review & planning meeting & training have been organised by Federation level relating to Agriculture, WRD, Goat, Lac, future AWP Plan & Convergence with the participation & guidance of the project Area Coordinators, project Accountant, project manager & Secretary of the implementing agency.

**2. Agriculture.** Through Agricultural Planning exercise at community level total 3000 household involved in SRI- paddy cultivation covering 1500 acres, Intercropping Maize & Arhar covering 600 acres, high Value vegetable crop growing in 300 acres in Kharif, Rabi & Summer seasons. Technical input support like improved variety seeds, agricultural implements, High-tech Nursery at Madhuban & Lakrajoria village & providing Soilless saplings, Farm Mechanization, Precision farming, fertilizer & pesticides, Drip & Mulching, technical know & how, training, Demonstration of intervention points, Local market exploration, Campaign, Exposure to good plots for goat setting & Dissemination of information & experience & supportive supervision etc have been regularly provided. By this regular intervention process 712 Kisan/Farmers increased their household annual income Rs.70000 to 80,000 and Rs.5,34,00,000 earned from agriculture which supported them to become Smart Lakhpati Kisan.

#### **3. Water Resource Development (WRD).**

To conserve & optimal use and management of water for production purposes, Completed the Construction of 14 Seepage well covering 171 SHG members, 14 Ponds covering 172 beneficiaries of 10 SHGs and 105.38 acres of paddy & vegetable land be irrigated in 20 villages. Completed Installation of total 66 Drips & Mulching point of 87 farmers covering 51 acres of land to be irrigated.. One River Lift Irrigation point installed at Kalipur Ranga village having 66 farmers of 6 SHGs and 25 acres (one patch) of land to be irrigated. Before intervention, a WRD Implementation Plan, Budget, Monitoring Committee, Purchase Committee etc was formed by the Project Staff and Federation members and the targeted Plan has been achieved accordingly by the cooperation, contribution and Leadership of SHGs members. Total 156.38 Acres of cultivable land will be irrigated for high-value crop production and fishery and the households Annual Income level be increased directly in 430 farmers which will help them to be Lakhpati.

**4. Goat Rearing.** Community intervention already started with 2400 households out of total 3000 households to earn income Rs.40,000/- from goat rearing. Each household have 5 mother goats & total Goat is 39122. Total Rs.3,90,07,500/- earned from selling 15,603 goats out of the total by 1805 goat rears family. To achieve this target each household has Goat shed, Azola Pits,& Fodder Plants. Regular and timely Vaccination & Deworming conducted in 2400 households having 39122 goats. Quarterly mahoul creation done in villages. One Goat mela organised. .Quarterly MIS (card ) done in 2400 household. Bimonthly review in SHGs/VOs are being organised. Technical & motivational Training by Sector specific Resource person imparted. Market exploration and linking producers to sellers regularly done.

**5. Lac Cultivation.** Total 1135 families involved in Lac. Capacity Building training have been imparted to 1135 on Lac Care & Management, quality & quantity of product & Market linkage. Two types of Lac like Rangine & Kusumi and handholding support are being supported to Lac beneficiaries. Total 623 families have already earned 8-10 thousand in lac cultivation. Demand generation is being increased among community. Two number Lac Entrepreneur have been promoted.

**6. Fishery.** Current year, Fish Cultivation have already been initiated in 27 Ponds in 18 villages by the direct involvement of 212 SHG members. Total 113 Kg of four variety of fish breed like Rohu, Katla, Mirgal & silver carp have been provided to communities with training on fish care, feeds & management, income & marketing and exposure visit good pond site.

**7. Drinking Water & Sanitation.**

- 224 Toilet Completed in 8 villages with 224 beneficiaries.( Amagachhi, Chata,Thandadumeria,Gundildangal,Barudih,Bhutokodia,Iedapesa, Kasikodia villages).
- Drinking water supply program at Bhutokodia- Ongoing.
- IEC & BCC campaign, AwarenessFund supported by Jama Block.

**7. Convergence.**

**A. Mango Plantation.**

SIno	Village	No of Beneficiary	Area	No of Plants
1	Dandodumeria	10	10	1310
2	Kalipur Ranga	6	5	650

B. Goat Shed Construction. – Jama Block supported for 215 goat sheds & completed in 34 villages.

C. Open Well- 38 constructed

D. Pond-24 constructed & also Dova-15 in 26 villages

E. land Leveling done in 54 Acres in 17 villages.

Total Rs.198, 13,400/- leveraged from Government departments.

**Case Study:**  
**General Information:**

Name of farmer : Sevanti Soren  
Name of Husband : Sri Kishore Murmu  
Total Members in the family : 7  
Village : Thandar Dumaria  
Panchayat : Bhairavpur  
Name of SHG : Kiyayi Jharna SHG  
Total Land Holding : 2.46 Acres.



**Background :**

Sevanti was a simple farmer cultivating Paddy and Maize with traditional method. Productivity was very low and she could only secure food security for 5 to 6 months a year. To meet the expenses for the rest period, she alongwith other family members were working as daily wage labour. She was migrating to other states for earning additional income to meet family expenses. She was very shy in nature and was hesitant to interact with outside people.



**Intervention :**

She joined Self Help Group namely Kiyayi Jharna formed by PRAVAH on 20.03.2013 and now she has been elected as President of the Group. Subsequently she has been selected as member of Sidhu Kanhu Gram Sangathan (VO) and then elected as Treasurer of this Gram Sangathan (VO).

When she joined in Mission 2020 implemented by PravaH with support of CInI –Tata trust, adopted the POP (Improved method) of farming system. She has done demonstration in small piece of her land (5 Decimal) and gradually increased land size up to 15-20 decimal. She has got number of training and exposure on SHG and agriculture which has resulted to build her capacity to be a leader as well as progressive farmer.

Following is the farming reforms she has done under different crop in this year (2015-16):

**Kharif :**

Paddy : 2 Acre.  
Maize : 0.20 Acre.  
Chilli : 0.10 Acre.

**Rabi :**

Cole Crop : 0.15 Acre.

**Planned for Summer :**

Creeper : 0.15 Acre.





### Impact & Benefit :

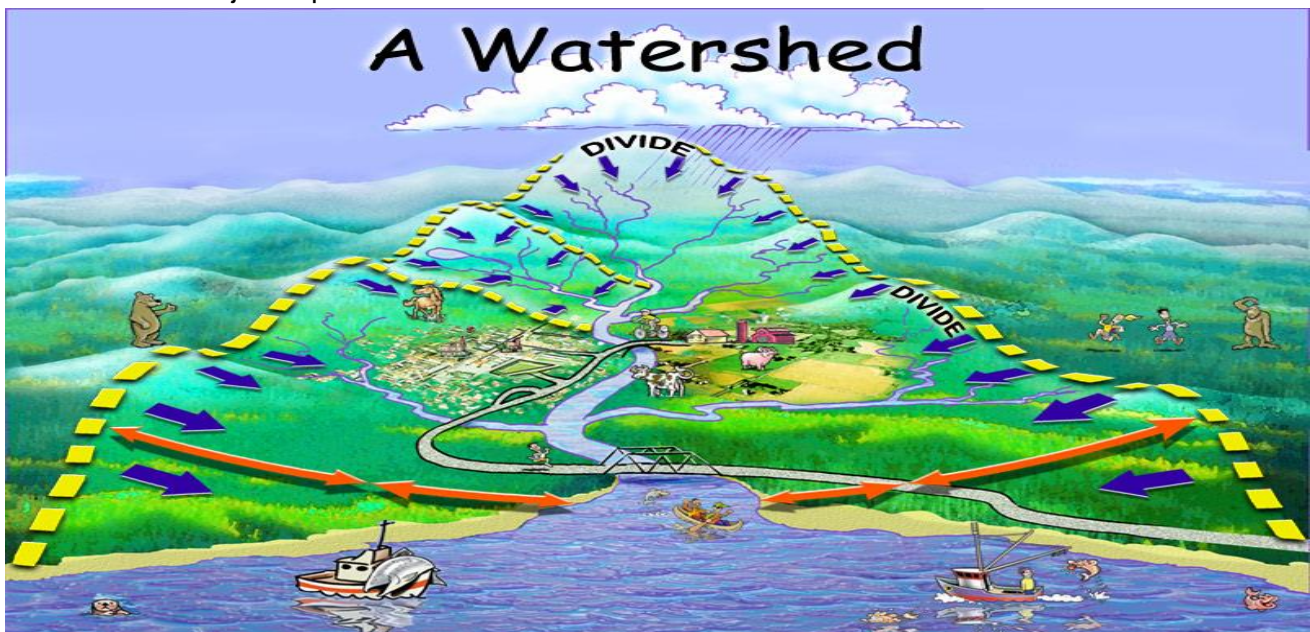
Gradually her income from agriculture has been increased and now she is one of the Lakhpati Kisans under the new PIP. She is able to secure food security for the whole year. Her social and economic status has changed. Her leadership quality has been developed. She is now able to interact with outside people and govt /bank officials without any hesitation. In this Kharif season, she has earned about Rs. 21,000/- from chilli and Rs.12,000/- from Cole Crops. With the income from vegetable, she contested the election for Ward Member under Panchayati Raj and won the election.

### **Jharkhand State Watershed Mission - Project-RIDF-NABARD**

This project is implemented by PRAVAH, Dumka, in 90 villages of 9 Panchyats of 3 Blocks (Jama, Jarmundi & Palojori) of 2 District (Dumka & Deoghar) of Jharkhand State. Total treatable area is 5 Thousand Hector. Total Amount is 1027.31Lakh for RIDF. The village is treated in saturation mode with MGNAREGA. Village is Treated in Ridge to Valley approach.

### **Work Detail**

1. NRM/Soil & Water conservation based structure.
  - a) Soil Moisture Conservation.
  - b) Vegetative and Engineering Structure.
  - c) Water Harvesting Structure.
2. Horticulture/ Agro forestry .
3. Crop demonstration and Livelihood .
4. Admin.
5. Capacity Building.
6. Detailed Project report.



**Model Watershed**



### NRM/ Soil and Water Conservation Based Structure

Sl. No.	Work	UOM	Quantity	Amount	Water storage Cap.
1	SCT	Hac.	0.1	2,400.00	11000
2	TCB & WAT	Hac.	341	3751000	341Cr.
3	Land Levelling	Hac.	1	39889.8	
4	Field Bunding	Hac.	16.8	2,13,188.81	
5	WHS(100*100*10)ft.	Nos.	59	14160000	22.15 Lakh

### Vegetative and Engineering Structure

Sl. No.	Work	UOM	Quantity	Amount	Remarks
1	Drum Check Dam	No's	4	747534	
2	Masonry Check Dam	No's	2	1407340	
3	Guard Wall	No's	2	177245	
4	Loose boulder Structure	No's	12	396537	

### Total Expenses of the Project

Sl. No.	Work	Target (Lakh)	Expenses (Lakh)	Remarks
1	NRM	781.13000.00	207.17880.0	
2	Crop Demonstration & Livelihood And Horticulture	123.27000.00	3.15489.00	
3	Capacity Building & Monetring	48.80000.00	3.01325.00	
4	Administration	71.91000.00	13.05804.00	
5	DPR	2.57000.00	.99500.00	
<b>Total Expenses of Project:- 227.40006.80</b>				



**Fishery**



Latitude: 24.30809  
 Longitude: 87.018578  
 Elevation: 197.42m  
 Accuracy: 6.0m  
 Time: 08-03-2018 12:26  
 Note: LBS (1)Bhurandia



Latitude: 24.311212  
 Longitude: 87.017145  
 Elevation: 197.0m  
 Accuracy: 3.0m  
 Time: 06-19-2018 10:37  
 Note: lbs(1)dondia

**Snaps of vegetative & Engineering Structure Work**



Latitude: 24.311005  
 Longitude: 87.033467  
 Elevation: 194.99m  
 Accuracy: 6.0m  
 Time: 11-07-2018 16:23  
 Note: nokhila



Latitude: 24.309548  
 Longitude: 87.009968  
 Elevation: 217.01m  
 Accuracy: 3.0m  
 Time: 08-10-2018 11:42  
 Note: tcb dressing at dondia village

**TCB at village**



## Ultra Poor Graduation Program – Pakur

The project is supported by Trickle up and is being implemented at two blocks – Maheshpur & Liti para

### Project detail

- Total no PPs – 401 (Maheshpur) + 1168 (Littipara)
- Total Villages – 25 (Maheshpur) +29 (Littipara)= 54
- Total Staffs – 1 Coordinator + 6 Field Staffs(3 field staffs for each block)
- No of CRPs – 11 CRPs (Maheshpur) + 29 Change makers( Littipara)
- Livelihood Activities of PPs before intervantion –  
Agriculture,Livestock, Labor

### Activities done

## Major Activities

SI	Activity	Block	Total no. of activity	Total no. of participants	Remark
1	Training on Use of Internet	Maheshpur	5 (5 villages)	73	Going on
2	Bitter guard cultivation using POP App	Maheshp ur	3 (4 villages)	48	Going on
3	Training on goat rearing and vaccination	Maheshpur	3 ( 3 villages)	97	Going on
4	Sample Survey on Backyard poultry	Maheshpur and Littipara	1. Market survey- Maheshpur and Pakur market 2. Backyard poultry survey- 45 PPs 3. Convergence for finance, training and other related schemes/services from Govt.	5 sellers 45 PPs	Project is being prepared
5	Awareness building and Collection of list for training on livestock	Maheshpur	8 villages	155 PPs from 8 villages have submitted their Aadhar card Xerox and photo to attend the training	Going on

6	Completion of Entitlement survey	Littipara	28 Villages	1097 HH	Complete
7	Livelihood survey	Littipara	28 villages	919 HH completed	Going on
8	Convergence – Facilitation of Birsa Awas yojna	Littipara	60 beneficiaries have been identified and names have been submitted to ITDA.		
9	Bank A/C opening	Littipara/Maheshpur	Littipara – 10 Maheshpur - 388	Total -398	
10	Smart phone distribution	Maheshpur – 250 PPs			

### **Convergence status**

Sl	Convergence	Maheshpur	Littipara	Total
1	Linked with PDS	316		316
2	Linked with widow pension	10		10
3	Linked with Insurance scheme	92		92
4	Linked with disability allowance	1		1
5	Linked with MGNREGA (got job card)		587	587
6	No of SHG received credit from bank	I did not have data	37	37

### **Activities in detail**

#### **1. Training on Use of Internet -**

**Objective** – The main purpose of the training was to help PPs use smart phones to enhance their knowledge through Internet. They could learn about various government schemes and services. They could access those schemes and services as and when they need. It was to connect them to social security schemes. Apart from these they could also see News, movies and other infotainment programs, which would open their eyes.

**Program** – Training was conducted in five villages. PPs were asked to fill net pack and keep the battery charge. Program was held where there was full network. Field staffs taught them the basic of Internet ( how the entire world was connected, smart phone could show them everything they wanted to see and know and so on). Then they showed them method to open internet and search. PPs who were illiterate were taught how to speak and the phone would show things on the screen and they could learn by watching the related videos. It was very interesting for PPs.

**Outcome** – PPs have learnt to use internet. Those PPs who were not taking much interest in the phone are now fond of their smart phones. They are able to connect with government schemes (find BPL list, panchayat fund, PMAY etc.)

#### **2. Bitter guard cultivation using POP App**

**Objective** – Give practical training of POP App. Training was conducted to teach PPs how to use Smart phone, POP App and method to cultivation.

**Program** – There are many PPs who are illiterate. They were not able to read what was on the screen. So it was needed to give them practical training. It was conducted in PPs who have not learnt how to use POP App. Training was conducted in three villages, namely Pathradaha, Khuridih and Saparam.

**Outcome** – PPs learnt the practical method to use POP APP. Now they can use POP App.

#### **3. Training on goat rearing and vaccination**

**Objective** – To bring awareness on goat rearing. Give vaccination. Reduce mortality of goats.

**Program**- Program was conducted in three villages. Inputs on goat rearing was imparted by Dr Lalan K. Baidh, Block Veterinary Doctor, Maheshpur. Dr. Baidh told them about various schemes related to goat

rearing. The program was attended by villagers. It was realized that one day training was not sufficient so he would arrange eight days training in all the project villages.

**Out come-** 97 PPs were given training, 97 goats were given vaccine. A plan was made to conduct eight days training in project villages for PPs as well as other villagers.

4. **Sample survey on backyard poultry** – A survey was conducted among 45 PPs about backyard poultry (how many chicken they have, how many eggs they lay, what is the mortality rate of chicken, how they sell them and so on). A market survey on the rate, demand and business of backyard poultry was done in Pakur and Maheshpur. Basically it was a sample survey to make a business plan for PPs so that they can make more income from backyard poultry.
5. **Awareness building and Collection of list for training on livestock** – It is seen that many goats and pigs died last year. This was because PPs do not have adequate knowledge about how to care for them (what to feed them, where to get medicine and vaccination etc.). During the survey it was found that many chicken died almost year. So it was decided to organize training for PPs. Thanks to Block Veterinary doctor and NABARD for showing willingness to sponsor and conduct the training. Training will be conducted in villages. PPs were asked to submit their Aadhar card Xerox and a passport size photo to take part in the training. These training will held in the month of April and May. So far 155 PPs ( 40 PPs in each batch) have submitted their Aadhar card Xerox and photo. During the training medicine and vaccination will be given to live stocks.
6. **Completion of Entitlement survey (Littipara)** : The Entitlement survey is completed in Littipara block. We have completed entitlement survey of 1097 House Holds in 28 villages.
7. **Livelihood survey ( Littipara)** : Livelihood survey is going on in Littipara block. So far livelihood survey of 919 House Hold in 28 villages has completed. This month livelihood survey will be completed.
8. **Convergence** – In convergence 60 beneficiaries are identified and names have been submitted to ITDA. Apart from this beneficiaries are identified for widow pension, old age pension, PMAY-G, pahariya pension etc. and their names are submitted to concern department. Follow up also is done accordingly.
9. Bank A/C opening -398 new bank A/C were opened in Maheshpur and Littipra block, Pakur.
10. **Smart phone distribution** – Under M-Powered project 250 PPs were given smart phones. The purpose of giving those smart phones was to empower PPs with latest technologies. Through smart phones PPs can make calls, take photos, use it for infotainment activities through Internet. More over we had given them PoP App on different vegetable cultivation. This is to help them to use technology in agriculture.

**It is to be noted that all the above programs are meant for Ultra Poor PPs but other SHG members actively participate in most of the program.**





## **Building Domestic Resource Mobilization Capacities of CSOs Through Innovation , Enterprise and Technology**

Increased capacities of CSOs on Domestic Fund Raising and mobilizing alternate funding are the key focus areas , on which the entire project was designed upon. The project aims to provide sustainability of the operations of CSOs to work beyond project period, thus reducing the dependency syndrome on Foreign Grants .

In view of achieving the Key Result Areas of the project –(1) **Creation of Crowd Funding Platforms** (2) **Creation of a support Structure to plan and establish social enterprise** (3) **Improved capacities in domestic institutional , public and private fund raising** , the nodal partner selection and building up the team were the immediate need. **Business Development & Communication and Marketing** positions were filled up at PRAVAH. Within this reporting period , selection of CSOs , whom will extended support , was another priority area . 15 CSOs within the WHH partner network from Eastern India , were initially selected for the support .

The project objectives and the result areas were officially introduced and explained to the selected CSOs through an **Inception Workshop at Kolkata** for the Eastern India partners.

Continuing the pace of the workshop WHH & PRAVAH team visited each of the partner locations and further briefed about the project as well as the probable journey of achieving the result areas and showing positive output. The purpose of the visit to CSOs was also to get a consensus on the project design , its core areas and the exact idea of launching the same.

A communication workshop as a stepping stone towards achievement of the result area 1 was also planned to be executed during the next phase .

### **2.1 Activities and Results**

***Result Area 1 : A Crowd funding Platform established to raise funds for social action, entrepreneurship and innovation around land, water, forest and sustainable agriculture , food & nutrition security.***

#### **Activity 1 :**

**Identify , collaborate and exchange knowledge with technical experts , consultants , web developer and other web based Crowd funding platform operators**

**Description :** Resource Group for need assessment, market study, Crowd funding platform branding, platform seeding and content management were identified and Negotiation on for finalization of Terms Of Reference (TOR) & for initiation of trainings and other technical support for the identified CSO



representatives for Crowd Funding resource mobilization . The said arrangements have been coordinated by WHH .

**Outcome :** The first Communication workshop by External Resource Group is scheduled to be happened by early next quarter.

*Result Area 2 : Selected CSOs have successfully developed social enterprise models through organizational development and mobilizing investment*

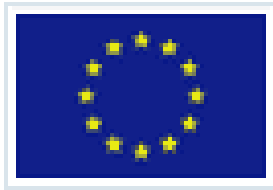
**Activity 1 :**

**Build capacities of the selected CSOs to make the transition from a Non-Profit to a Hybrid (Non-Profit plus For- Profit ) model.**

**Description :** Social Business Enterprise ideas had been clarified and narrated , on an initial basis to each of the CSOs during the Inception workshop as well as during the subsequent visits to each of CSO locations by WHH & PRAVAH team. Most of partners had agreed on the idea that Social Enterprise can be a sustainable mode of CSOs for self sufficient and carrying out their activities without interruption , in particular for the fund crunch . CSOs have been given a fair idea as how the Enterprise and CSO can compliment each other for carrying out their activities.

**Outcome :** An Organizational Development workshop is scheduled during the next phase for further clarity on the subject . Further , few model Successful Social Enterprise have been identified and efforts are on to visit them by Business Development Personnel for further study .

We acknowledge the kind support from our esteemed donor's



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**PRAVAH**  
**BOMPASS TOWN**  
**DEOGHAR , JHARKHAND**  
**(Pravah Consolidated )**

**Income & Expenditure Account for the year ended on 31st March, 2018**

		RS. P.		RS. P.
	<b>EXPENDITURE :</b>		<b>INCOME :</b>	
To,	<b><u>Expenses Under Different Scheme</u></b> (As per Schedule -C) <b><u>FC Projects</u></b>		By <b><u>Grant-in-Aid</u></b> (As per Schedule -B)	
			FC Projects	1,09,59,951.59
	Sustainable Integrated Farming System Phase 2	12,35,872.70	Non-FC Projects	3,25,19,113.66
	Strengthening Human Resource for Livelihood (Trical Up ) Phase II	9,35,880.96		4,34,79,065.25
	Kshamta Construction of School Fight hunger First Initiative (Phase - II)	1,952.94	<b><u>Interest from Bank</u></b>	
	Promotion of Livelihoods of the People through	21,73,659.88	(As per Schedule -D)	
	Livestock Development Munger & Adjoining District (ITC)	70.35	FC Projects	56,854.00
	Financial Inclusion (Trickle Up)	1,35,256.90	Non-FC Projects	2,37,397.41
	General Fund (FC) Initiative for Transferred & Accountable Government System (EU)	218.16		2,94,251.41
	Building Domestic Resource Mobilization Capacity Of Csos Through Innovaton, Enterprises And Technology	36,31,578.63	<b><u>Unspent Balance Transferred from Balance Sheet</u></b> (As per Schedule E)	
	Multi Stake Holder Initiative Ind 1351-17	37,450.80	"	
		90,53,967.26	FC Projects	3,11,731.07
			Non-FC Projects	21,44,005.91
				24,55,736.98
			"	
			<b><u>NON FC PROJECTS</u></b>	
			<b><u>Other Income</u></b>	
	<b><u>Non FC Projects</u></b>		Pravah General Fund (Non FC)	6,12,614.00
	Seed Production (NABARD)	909.00	PRAVAH Livestock General Fund	21,80,063.00
	Promotion of Livelihoods of the People Through Livestock Development Munger and Adjoining District (ITC)	1,24,13,041.66		27,92,677.00
	Pravah General Fund(Non-FC)	4,44,424.97		
	Pravah Livestock General Fund	28,65,030.46		

Demonstration of New and Improved Technique of Agriculture & Season Wise Crop Rotation, Munger District (ITC)	25,08,053.70				
Implementation of a high impact program in tribal belts of 4 Central Indian States on behalf of Central India Initiative	97,12,339.40			<b>Closing Stock</b>	
Implementation of Internet Sathi Initiative , Jama	1,89,176.68			PRAVAH Livestock General Fund	7,08,968.65
Access to Safe drinking water and sanitation for 1000 households of Jama block,Dumka district, Jharkhand	10,78,977.70	2,92,11,953.57			
	C/F	3,82,65,920.83		C/F	4,97,30,699.29
		[2]			
<b>EXPENDITURE :</b>	<b>B/F</b>	<b>3,82,65,920.83</b>	<b>INCOME :</b>	<b>B/F</b>	<b>4,97,30,699.29</b>
To, <b>Opening Stock</b>					
<b>NON FC Projects</b>					
PRAVAH Livestock General Fund		2,90,641.61			
" <b>Unspent balance transferred to Balance Sheet</b>					
(As per Schedule E)					
FC Projects	19,05,958.75				
Non-FC Projects	<u>85,14,096.43</u>	1,04,20,055.18			
" <b>Excess of Income over Expenditure</b>					
(Transferred to Balance Sheet )					
(As per Schedule F)					
FC Projects	1,858.65				
Non-FC Projects	<u>(6,348.98)</u>	(4,490.33)			
" <b>Creation of fixed assets Fund</b>					
As per Schedule "H"					
FC Projects	3,66,752.00				
Non-FC Projects	<u>3,91,820.00</u>	7,58,572.00			
	TOTAL RS.	4,97,30,699.29		TOTAL RS.	4,97,30,699.29
					-

